



# Virus Watch

Week ending 8<sup>th</sup> January 2023

## Key Points

### Influenza and influenza-like illnesses (ILI)

- The rate of ILI presentations decreased at emergency departments (EDs) and sentinel GPs in the past week.
- There was a decrease in the number of influenza cases reported to the Department of Health.
- Non-influenza detections at PathWest Laboratory Medicine (PathWest) decreased in the past week.
- COVID-19 cases decreased by 15% in the past week to 6,361 cases.

### Gastroenteritis

- The rate of gastroenteritis presentations to sentinel GPs in the past week was lower than the previous 5-year average.
- Notifications for rotavirus and detections of norovirus at PathWest were stable in the past week.

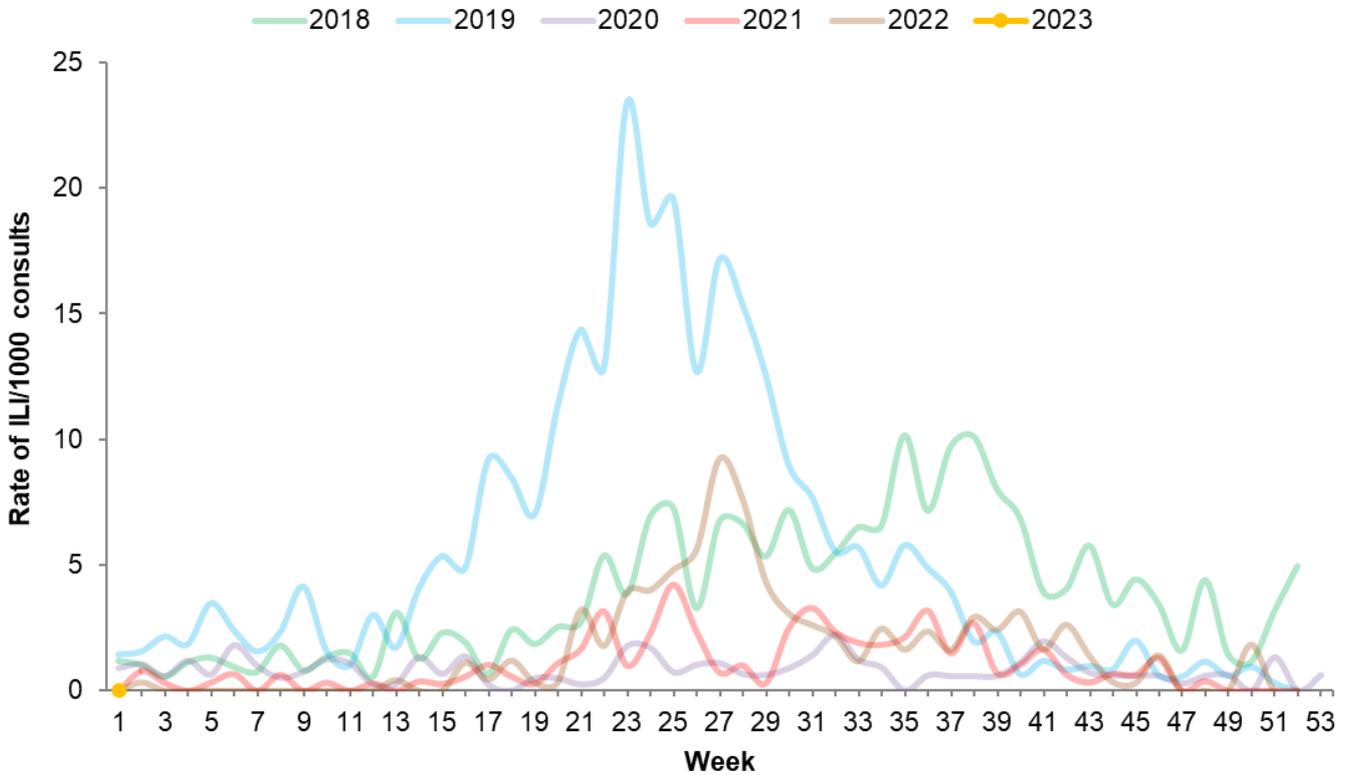
### Other vaccine-preventable diseases

- **Chickenpox and shingles:** In the past week, there were no chickenpox or shingles presentations to sentinel GPs, while chickenpox and shingles presentations EDs decreased.
- **Measles:** No measles cases were notified in the past week.
- **Mumps:** No mumps cases were notified in the past week.
- **Rubella:** No rubella cases were notified in the past week.
- **Invasive meningococcal disease (IMD):** One IMD serogroup B case was notified in an adult in the past week. See [media statement \(health.wa.gov.au\)](https://www.health.wa.gov.au/media-statement).

## Influenza and influenza-like illnesses (ILI)

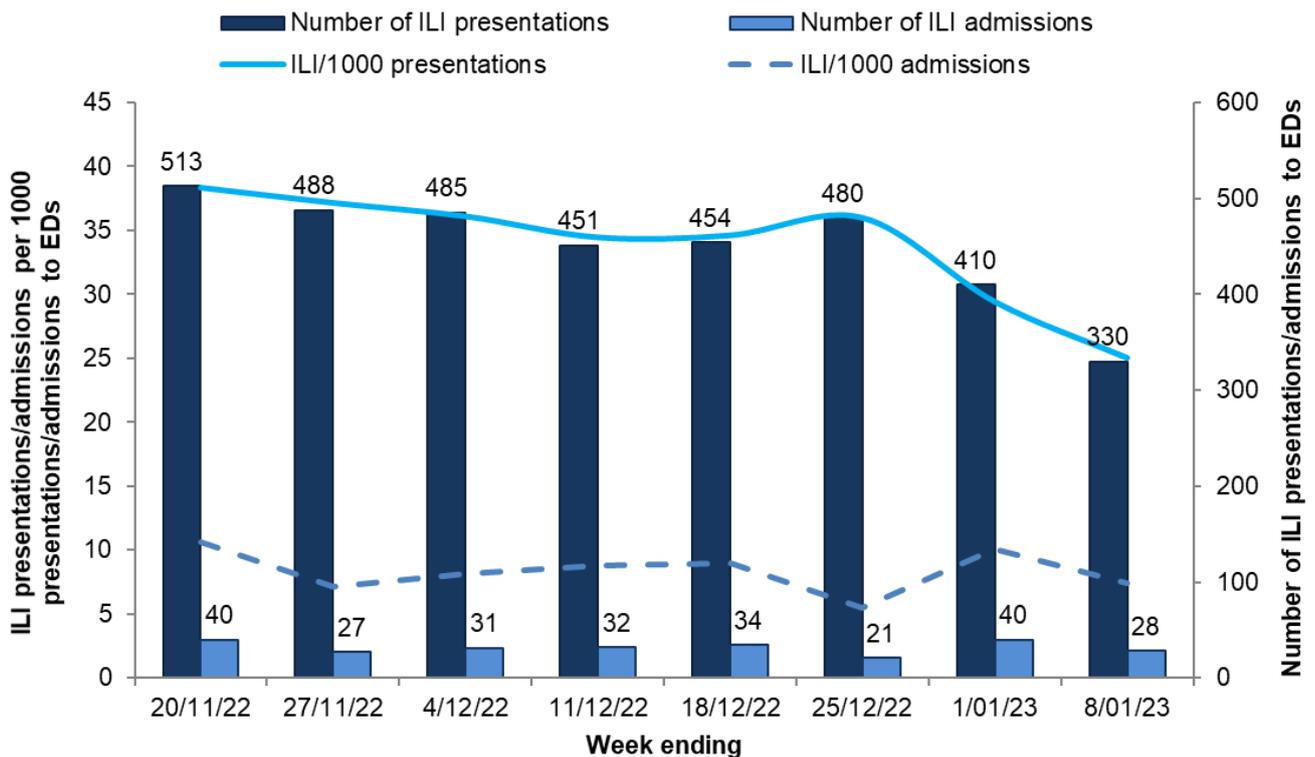
The rate of ILI presentations to sentinel GPs was in the lower-range of values usually reported at this time of year (Figure 1).

**Figure 1. Rate of ILI per 1000 consultations at sentinel GPs (Australian Sentinel Practices Research Network) in WA by week, 2018 to 2023 YTD**



The rate of ILI-related presentations and admissions to EDs decreased in the past week (Figure 2).

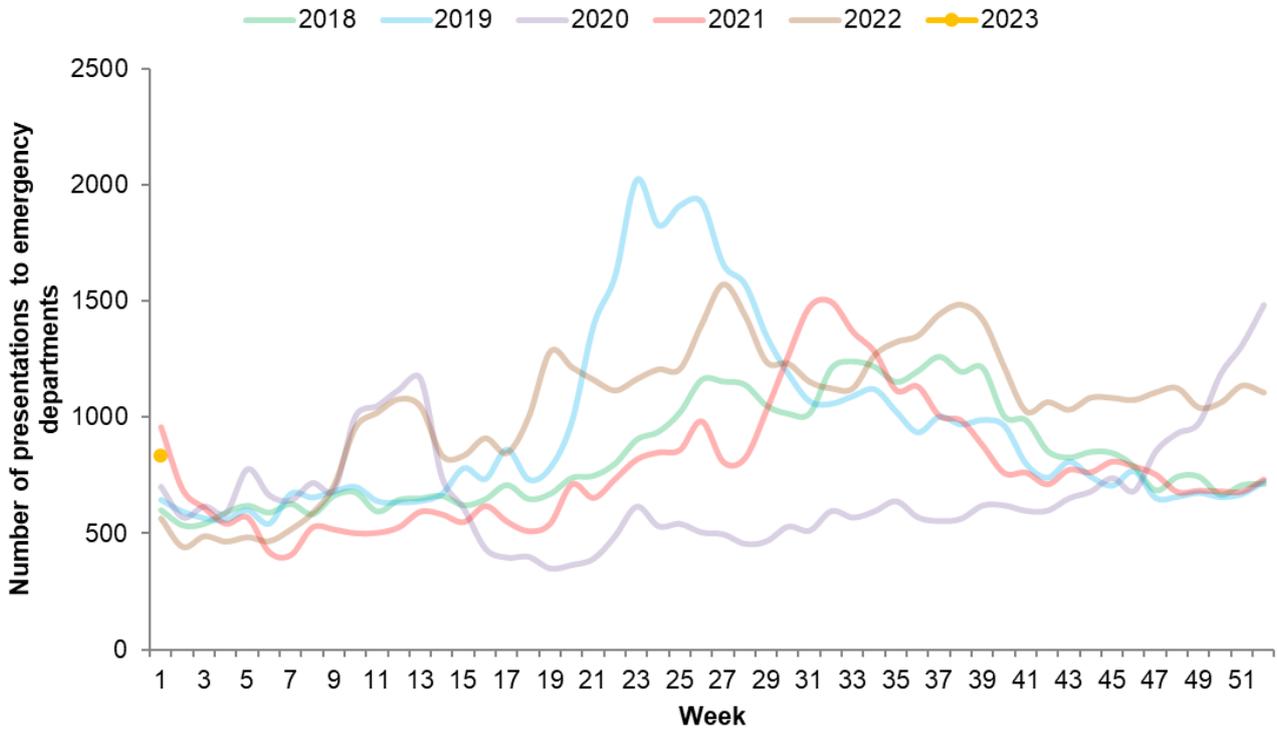
**Figure 2. Number and rate of ILI presentations/admissions to emergency departments in WA in the past eight weeks**



Note: This graph is a count of current EDIS data using the ICD codes B34.9 and J06.9, which are consistent with a clinical presentation of a viral illness. This data may differ from that presented in the Winter Respiratory Illness Report provided by the Information and System Performance Directorate, DoH.

The number of respiratory illness presentations to EDs remained in the higher-range of values usually reported at this time of year (Figure 3).

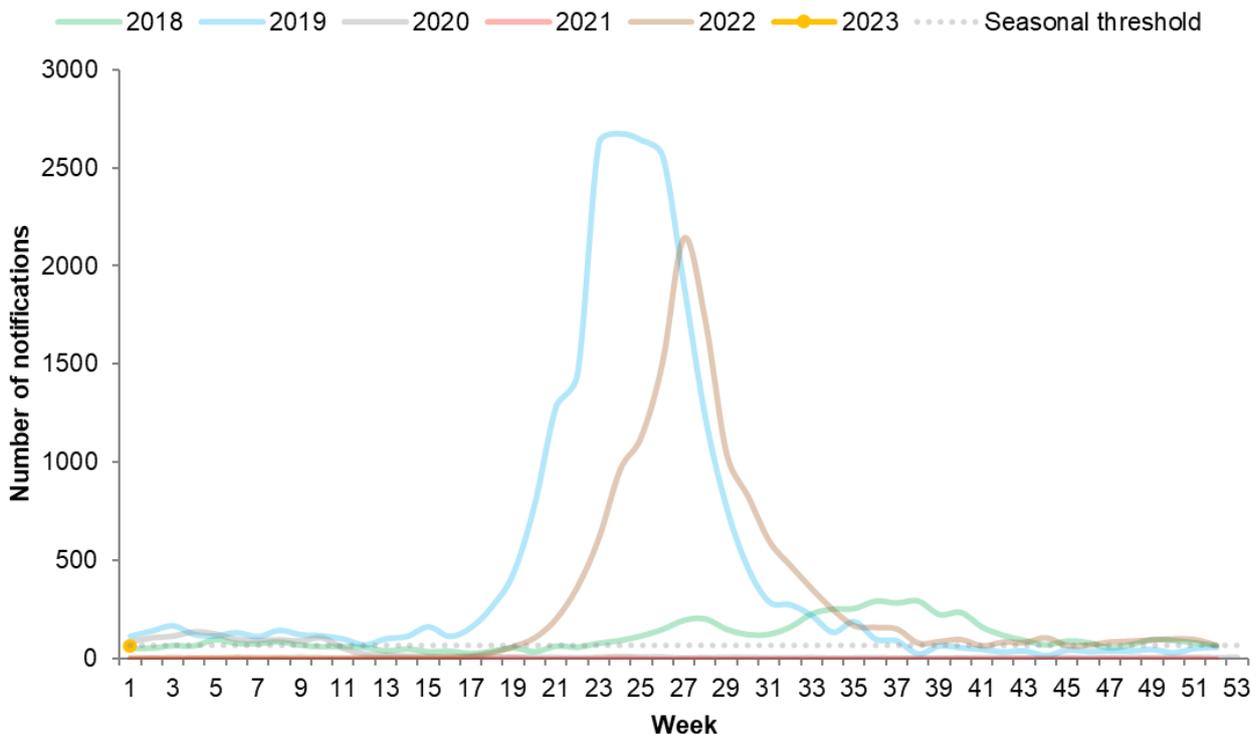
**Figure 3. Number of respiratory illness presentations to emergency departments in WA by week, 2018 to 2023 YTD**



Note: This graph is a count of current EDIS data using the ICD codes B34.9, H66.9, J00, J06.9, J09.0, J10.0, J10.1, J10.8, J11.0, J11.1, J11.8, J12.9, J18.0, J18.1, J18.8, J18.9, J20.9, J21.9, J22, J40, J44.0, J44.1, J44.9, J45.9, J46.0, J98.8, J98.9, R05 and COVID-19 code U07.1, which are consistent with a clinical presentation of all respiratory-like illness. This data is different to Figure 3 but similar to that presented in the Winter Respiratory Illness Report provided by the Information and System Performance Directorate, DoH.

The number of influenza cases notified to the Department of Health slightly decreased to 62 cases in the past week (Figure 4).

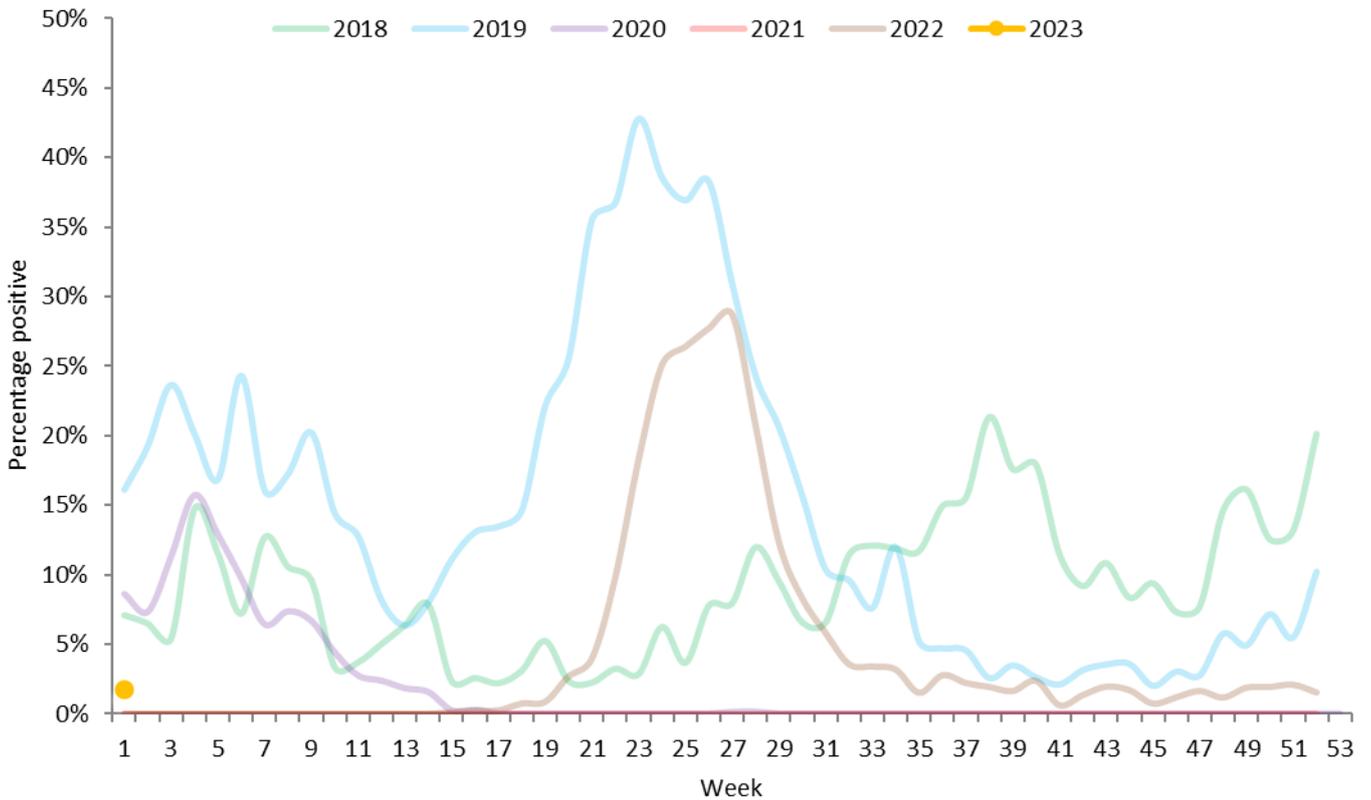
**Figure 4. Number of influenza notifications in WA by week, 2018 to 2023 YTD**



Note: This graph is a count of all influenza notifications by week of onset, received by the DoH, WA (through WANIDD) to the end of the current reporting week. The seasonal threshold defines a value above which may indicate seasonal influenza activity. The threshold value is calculated based on analysis of inter-seasonal influenza data from 2015 to 2018.

Of the 1,098 specimens submitted for influenza PCR testing at PathWest in the past week, 21 (1.7%) tested positive (Figure 5).

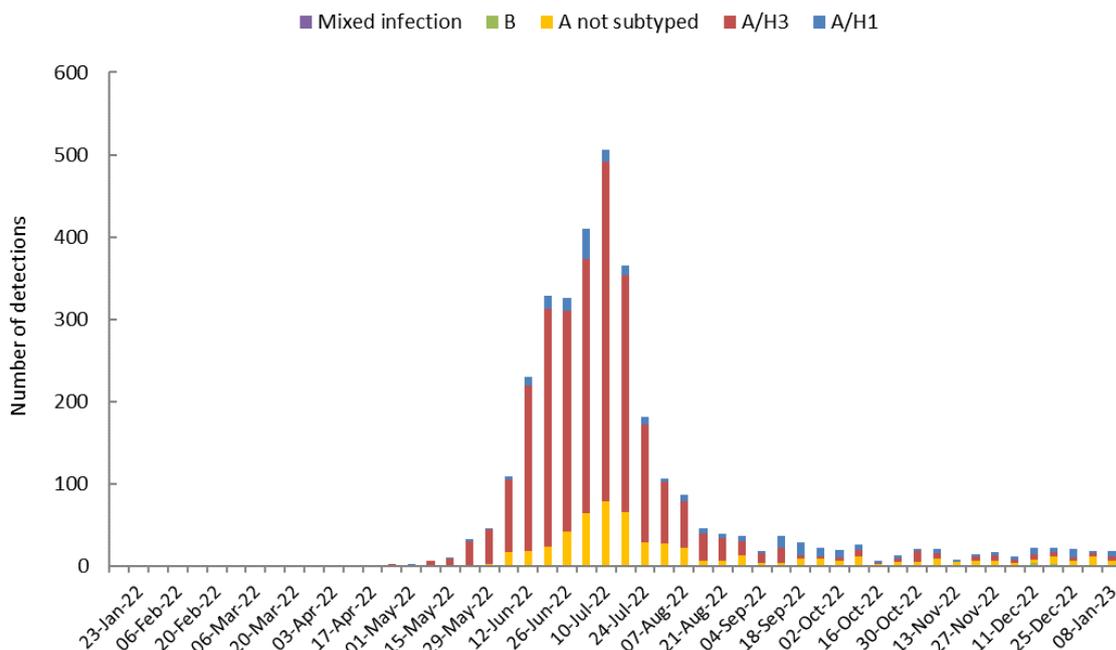
**Figure 5. Proportion of PCR positive influenza detections at PathWest by week, WA, 2018 to 2023 YTD**



Note: This graph is a count of all WA samples reported by PathWest, excluding samples referred by other private laboratories for influenza subtyping.

Of the 19 influenza detections at PathWest in the past week, 7 were influenza A/H1, 5 were influenza A/H3, 5 were influenza A cases yet to be subtyped and 2 were influenza B (Figure 6).

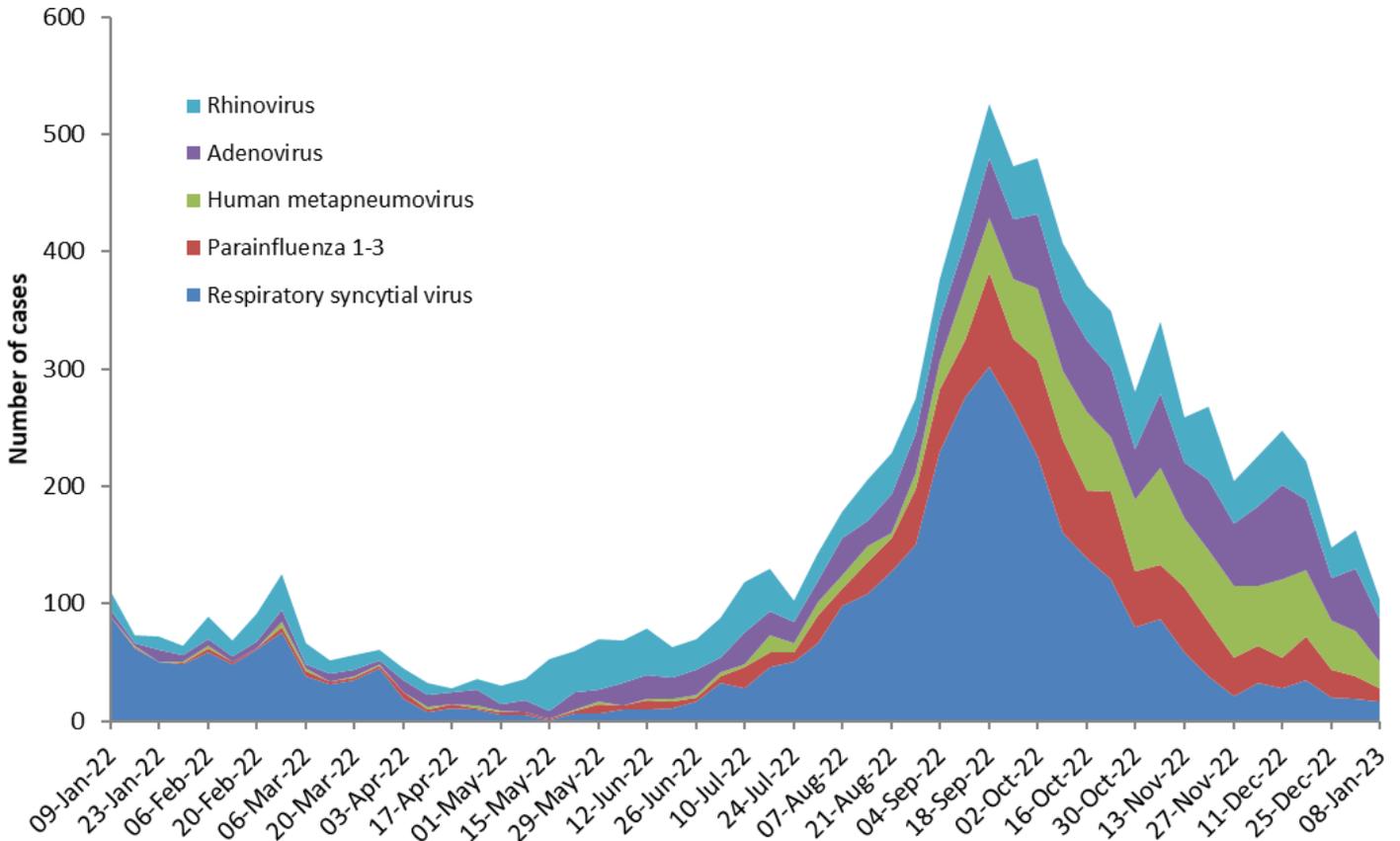
**Figure 6. Number of PCR positive influenza detections at PathWest by type, subtype and week, WA, 2022 to 2023 YTD**



Note: The graph is a summary of all WA samples positive for influenza reported at PathWest, excluding samples referred by other private laboratories for influenza subtyping. These samples were tested using a rapid testing method that does not determine the influenza subtype (i.e. influenza A/H3N2 or A/H1N1).

There was an overall decrease in non-influenza virus detections at PathWest in the past week (Figure 7). Excluding SARS-CoV-2, the most common non-influenza respiratory virus detected was adenovirus (37 cases).

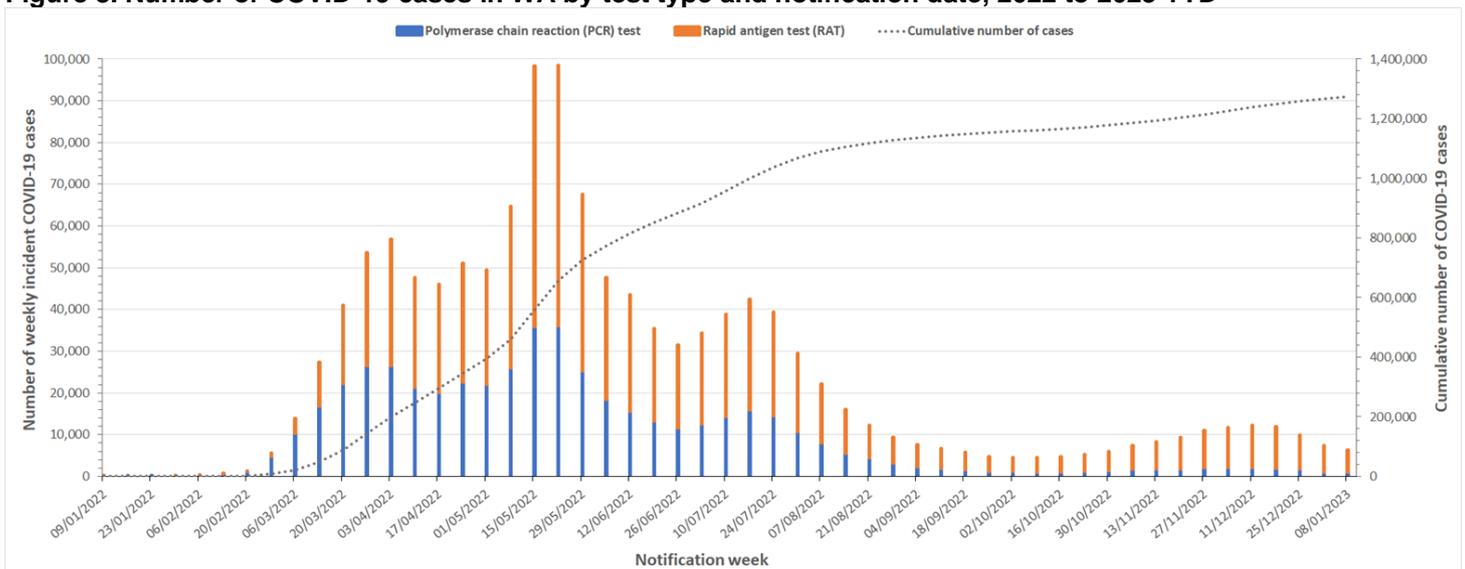
**Figure 7. Number of non-influenza respiratory virus detections at PathWest by week, WA, 2022 to 2023 YTD**



Note: This graph is a count of all WA samples positive for a common respiratory virus other than influenza reported by PathWest.

In the past week, there were 6,361 COVID-19 cases reported in WA, which was 15% lower than the previous week. Of these, 15% were diagnosed by PCR test and 85% were diagnosed by rapid antigen test (Figure 8).

**Figure 8. Number of COVID-19 cases in WA by test type and notification date, 2022 to 2023 YTD**



Note: Data sourced from Public Health Operations COVID-19 Unified System (PHOCUS); Notification date is to the 6pm reporting period

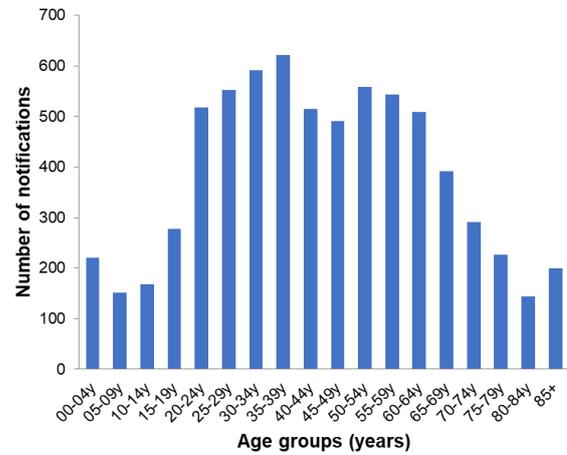
The number of COVID-19 notifications, hospitalisations and deaths to date are all significantly higher than reported in the same period in 2022. Vaccination has been highest among those aged 16 years or older (Table 1). The majority of notifications have been reported in those aged less than 45 years (Figure 9).

**Table 1. COVID-19 notifications and vaccination coverage in WA, 2023 YTD**

Notifications	Category	2023 Year to Date	2022 Same Period
COVID-19 infections extracted by date of receipt of notification	Notifications	7,010	68
	Hospitalisations	9,129	21
	Reported Deaths	29	0
Vaccinations	Age group	Two doses	Three doses
Number of people vaccinated with COVID-19 vaccines as recorded in the Australian Immunisation Register	5-11 years	40.0%	N/A
	12-15 years	73.2%	N/A
	16+ years	95.0%	79.3%

Note: NA: data not available. Notification data source: Public Health Operations COVID-19 Unified System (PHOCUS). Vaccination data source: [Australian Government Dept of Health and Aged Care](#). Hospitalisation data source: WANIDD.

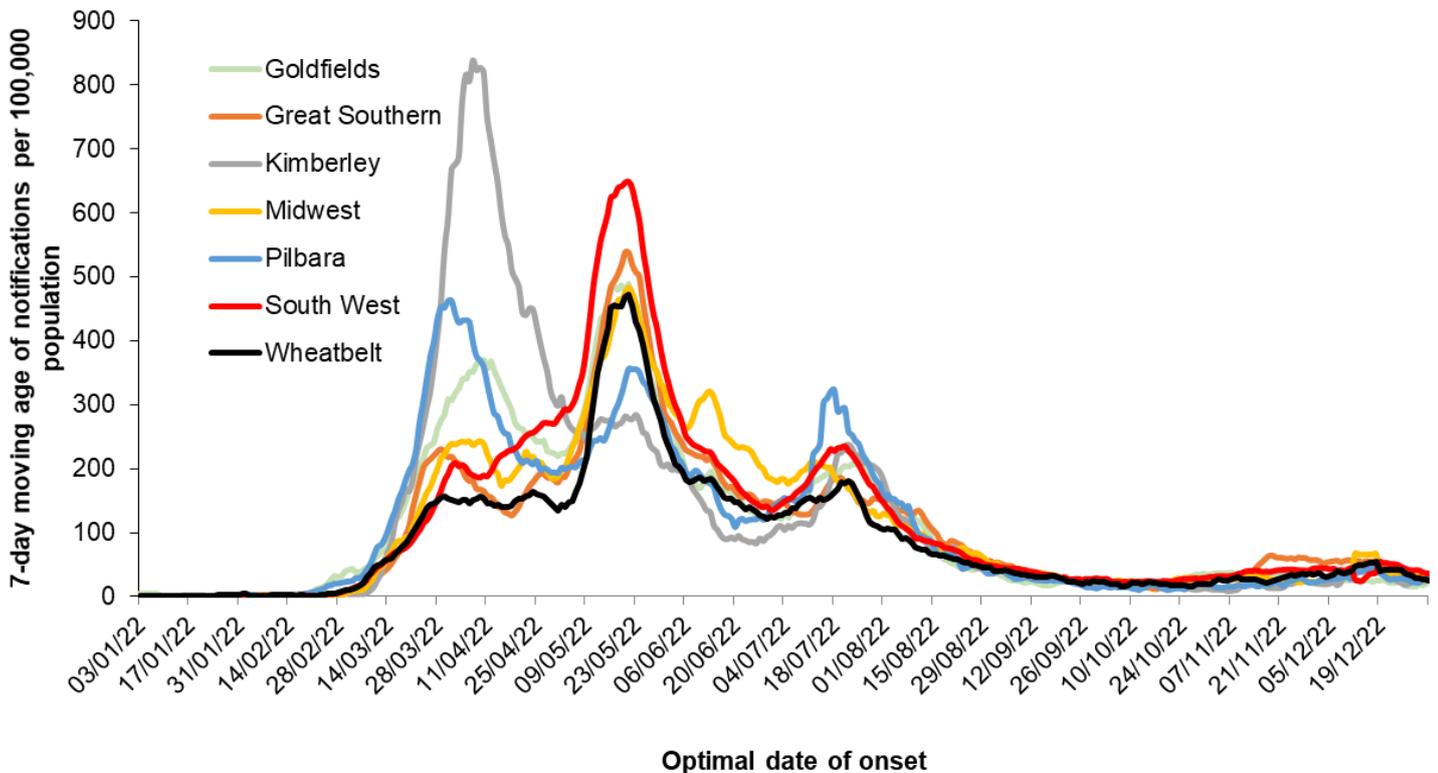
**Figure 9. COVID-19 notifications by age group in WA, 2023 YTD**



Note: Data source: Public Health Operations COVID-19 Unified System (PHOCUS).

The COVID-19 notification rate was stable in all WA regions in the past week (Figure 10).

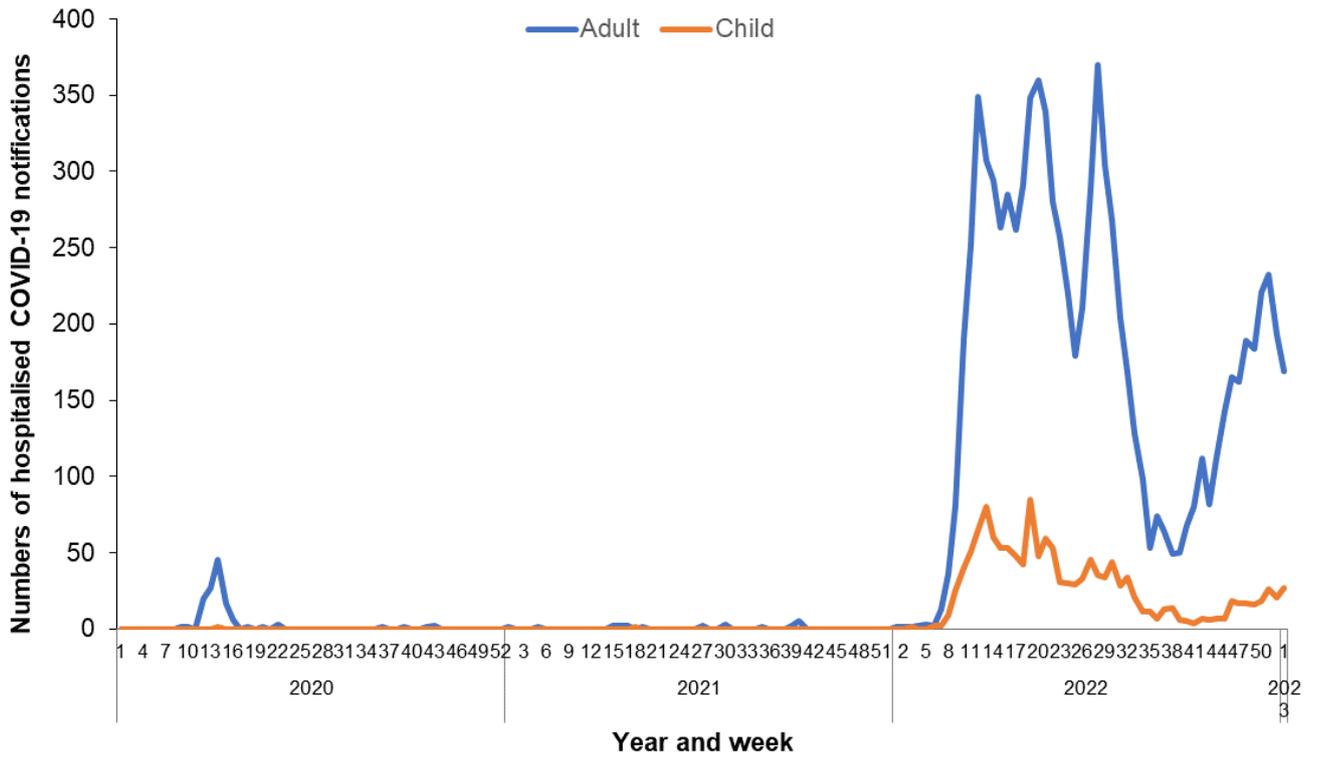
**Figure 10. 7-day moving average of COVID-19 notifications per 100,000 people in WA by health region, 2022 to 2023 YTD.**



Note: Data sourced from Public Health Operations COVID-19 Unified System (PHOCUS).

The number of COVID-19 cases reported as hospitalised in the past week increased among children and decreased among adults (Figure 11).

**Figure 11. Number of notified COVID-19 cases hospitalised in WA by week, 2020 to 2023 YTD**

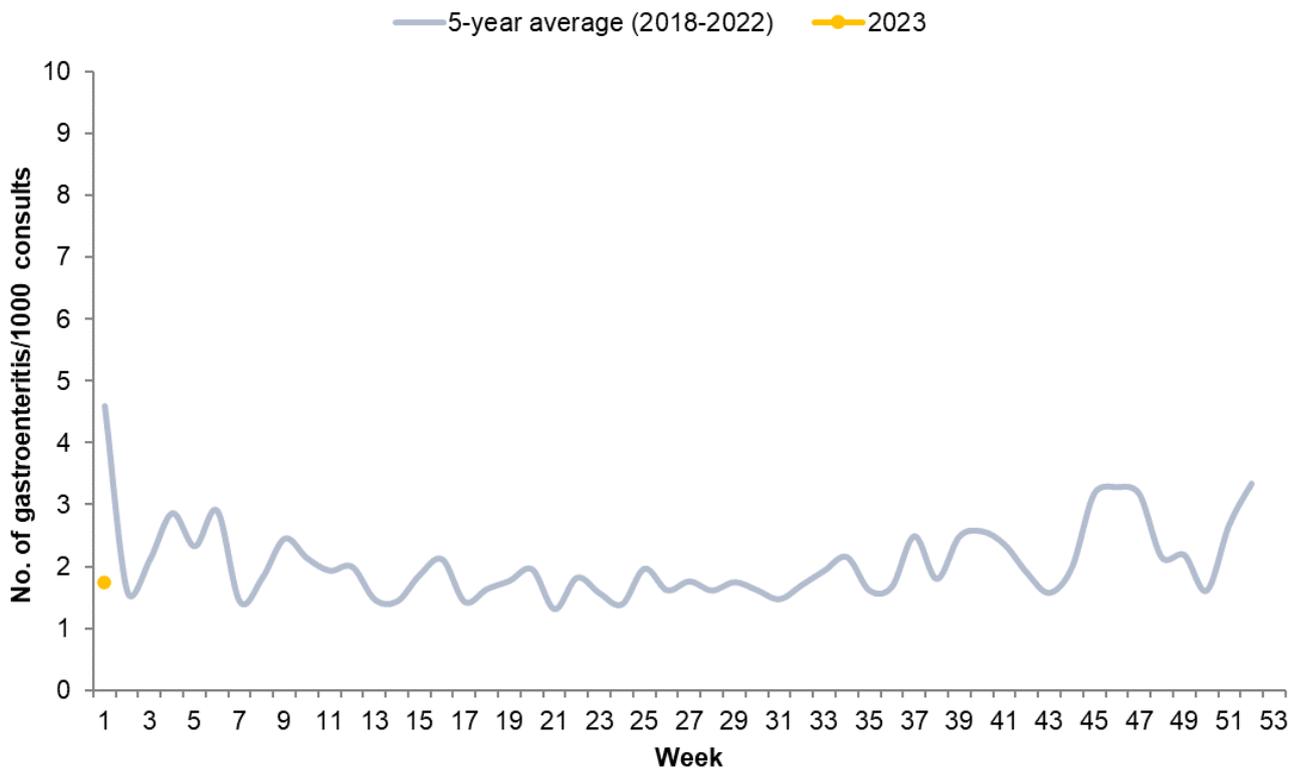


Note: Data source: WANIDD. A child is defined as less than 18 years of age.

## Gastroenteritis

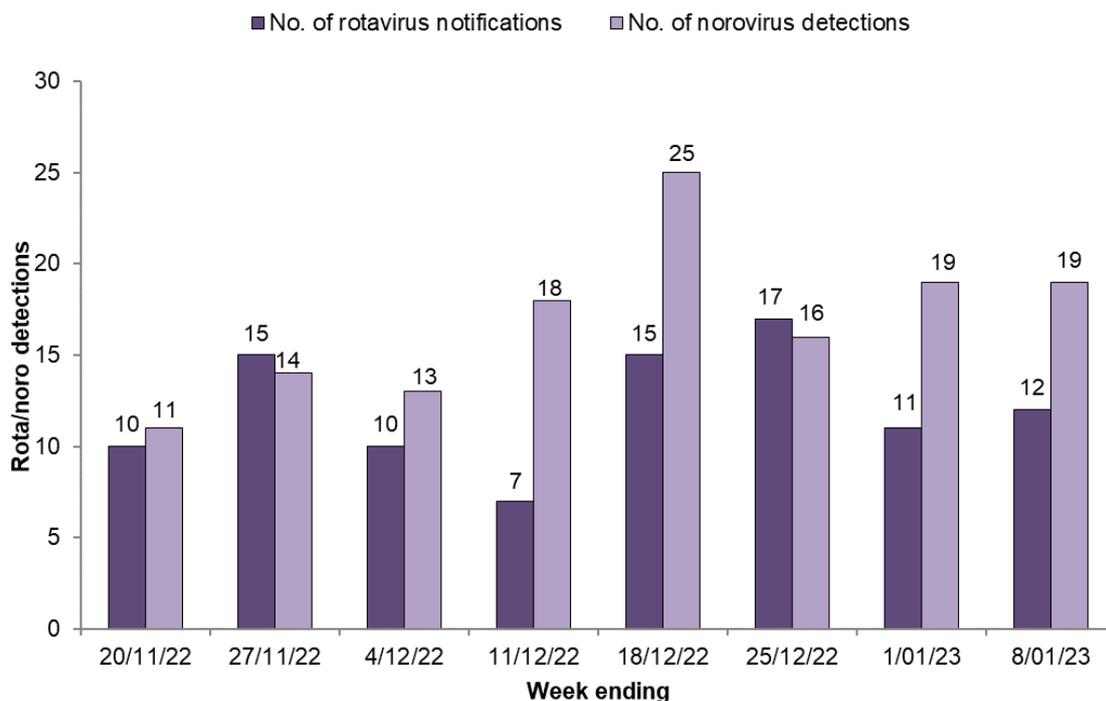
The rate of gastroenteritis presentations to sentinel GPs in the past week was lower than the previous 5-year average (Figure 12).

**Figure 12. Number of gastroenteritis presentations per 1000 consultations at sentinel GPs (Australian Sentinel Practices Research Network) in WA by week, 2018 to 2023 YTD**



Rotavirus notifications to the Department of Health and norovirus detections at PathWest were stable in the past week (Figure 13).

**Figure 13. Number of rotavirus notifications to the Department of Health and norovirus detections at PathWest in WA in the past eight weeks**

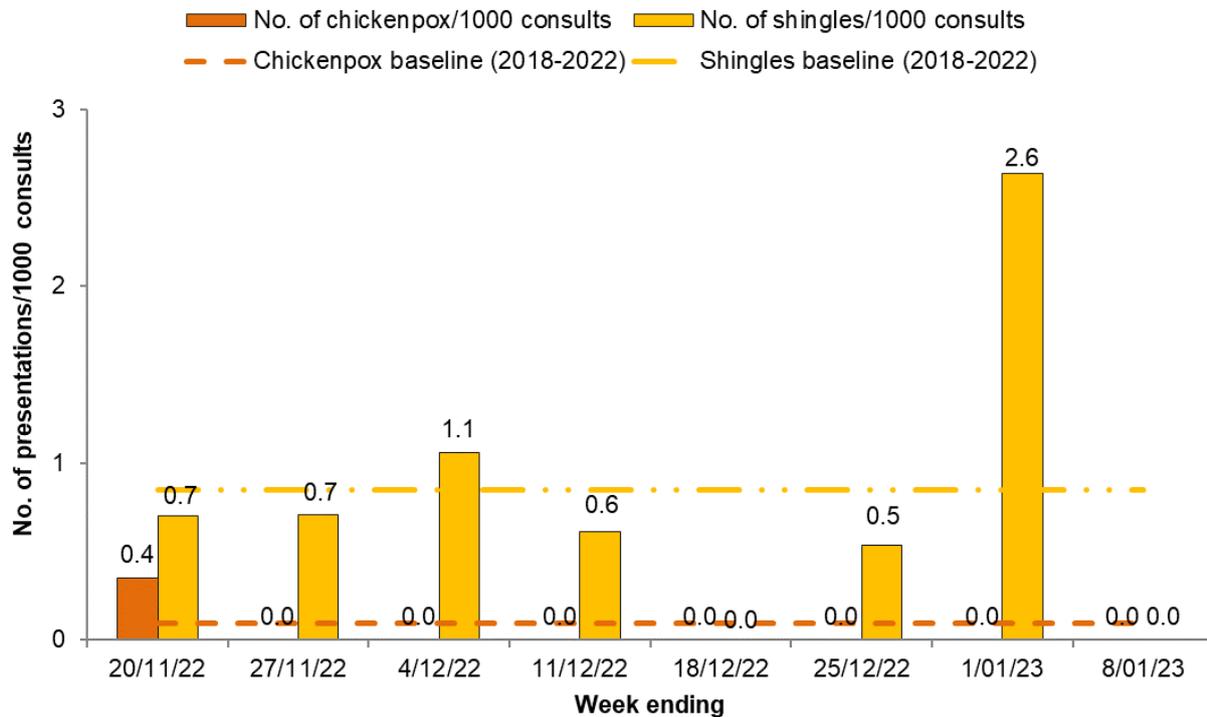


Note: Rotavirus notifications reported to the Department of Health include detections from all WA pathology laboratories. Norovirus detections are from PathWest only.

## Viral rashes

There were no shingles or chickenpox presentations to sentinel GPs in the past week (Figure 14).

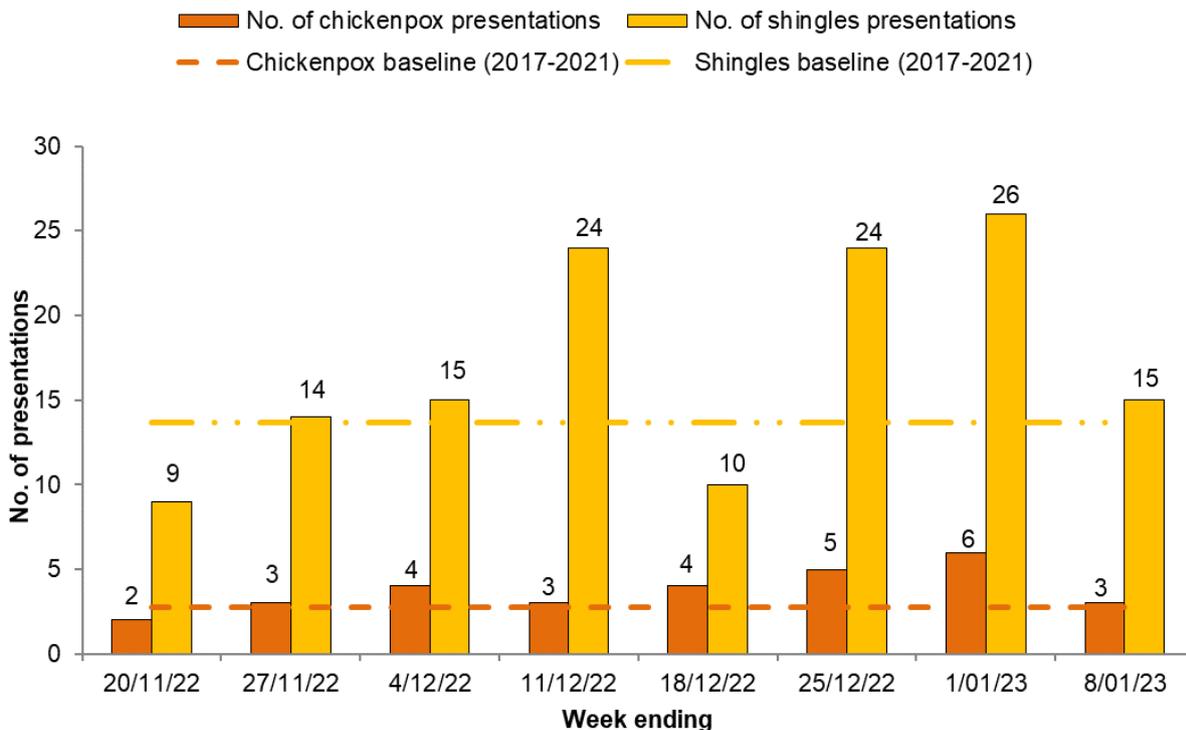
**Figure 14. Number of varicella-zoster presentations per 1000 consultations at sentinel GPs (Australian Sentinel Practices Research Network) in WA in the past eight weeks**



Note: Baseline levels for chickenpox and shingles presentations to WA ASPREN GPs per thousand consultations were calculated using the mean of weekly WA ASPREN data from week 1, 2018 to week 52, 2022.

The number of chickenpox and shingles presentations to EDs decreased in the past week (Figure 15).

**Figure 15. Number of varicella-zoster presentations to Emergency Departments in WA in the past eight weeks**



Note: Baseline levels for varicella-zoster virus presentations to Emergency Departments in WA were calculated using the mean of weekly EDIS data from week 1, 2018 to week 52, 2022.

## Report Notes

Virus WAtch is a weekly electronic publication by the Communicable Disease Control Directorate (CDCD) and key collaborators. It provides a brief summary of general practice and hospital emergency department sentinel surveillance data on influenza-like illness, gastroenteritis and varicella-zoster disease, together with relevant laboratory information, to alert health care workers in WA about important circulating viruses. All figures and data were accurate at time of publication, but subject to change. Please note that the influenza and ILI surveillance systems in Western Australia (WA) have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. Therefore, respiratory viral activity should be interpreted with caution and take into account the effects of changes in health seeking behaviour including accessing alternate health services such as telehealth, focused testing for COVID-19 at COVID-19 clinics or specific acute respiratory infection clinics, increased testing for other respiratory viruses and the impact of international border closures. The data collections used to create this publication include:

- Sentinel general practice (GP) data collected by WA members of the Australian Sentinel Practices Research Network (ASPREN).
- Emergency Department (ED) data provided by the Emergency Department Information System (EDIS), which currently incorporates data from the following hospitals: Fiona Stanley Hospital, Sir Charles Gardiner Hospital, Royal Perth Hospital, Perth Children's Hospital, King Edward Memorial Hospital, St John of God Midland, Bunbury Hospital, Armadale Hospital, Joondalup Health Campus, and Rockingham General Hospital.
- Disease notification data are sourced from the Western Australian Notifiable Infectious Diseases Database (WANIDD). These data are received by CDCD, WA Department of Health from medical providers and public or private laboratories in WA. Hospitalisation data are included in the report during the influenza season.
- Viral laboratory data obtained from PathWest laboratories at QEII Medical Centre, as well as via notification data sent by all WA laboratories to CDCD, WA Department of Health.
- As of 1 January 2022, the definition of a confirmed influenza case has changed to remove 'Single high titre by CFT or HAI to influenza virus' from the list of [laboratory definitive evidence](#).
- As of March 2022, this report includes COVID-19 cases diagnosed by Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) test and Rapid Antigen Test (RAT) sourced from Public Health Operations COVID-19 Unified System (PHOCUS).
- Current and archived issues of Virus Watch [http://ww2.health.wa.gov.au/Articles/F\\_I/Infectious-disease-data/Virus-WAtch](http://ww2.health.wa.gov.au/Articles/F_I/Infectious-disease-data/Virus-WAtch).

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