



Western Australian Coding Rule

0719/59 Trauma due to removal of indwelling catheter (IDC)

WA Coding Rule 0318/24 *Trauma due to removal of indwelling catheter (IDC)* is superseded by ACCD Coding Rule ***Eleventh Edition ACS 1904 Procedural complications – due to/related to prosthetic devices, implants and grafts*** (Ref No: TN1504) effective 1 July 2019; (log in to view on the [IHPA ACE portal](#)).

DECISION

WA Coding Rule 0318/24 *Trauma due to removal of indwelling catheter (IDC)* is retired.

[Effective 1 Jul 2019, ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS 11th Ed.]



Western Australian Coding Rule

0318/24 Trauma due to removal of indwelling catheter (IDC)

Q.

How should trauma due to removal of indwelling catheter (IDC) be coded?

A.

Trauma sustained from intentional or accidental removal of IDC results from catheter displacement and is classified as a mechanical complication.

For trauma due to removal of IDC, assign T83.0 *Mechanical complication of urinary (indwelling) catheter* following Index pathway:

Displacement

- device, implant or graft
- - urinary NEC
- - - indwelling catheter

As per ACS 1904 *Procedural complications*, an additional code from Chapters 1 – 19 may be assigned with T83.0 where it provides further specificity. Where there is documentation of an injury or resultant condition (e.g. haematuria) assign an applicable code as additional diagnosis.

See also ACCD Coding Rule *Inadvertent or intentional removal of devices requiring replacement* (January 2016) for classification of devices removed without injury to the patient.

Note: differing State instructions exist for the classification of trauma due to removal of IDC; therefore an ACCD query will be submitted for national classification instruction.

DECISION

For trauma due to intentional or accidental removal of IDC, assign:

- T83.0** ***Mechanical complication of urinary (indwelling) catheter***
Additional diagnosis code where it provides further specificity
- Y84.6** ***Urinary catheterisation as the cause of abnormal reaction, or of later complication, without mention of unintentional events at the time of the procedure***
- Y92.2x** ***Place of occurrence, health service area***
- U73.8** ***Other specified activity***

This WA Coding Rule 0318/24 Trauma due to removal of indwelling catheter (IDC) supersedes WA Coding Rule 0413/02 Urethral trauma.

This Rule has been modified to correspond with an update in ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS Tenth Edition. [Effective 01 July 2017, ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ASC 10th Ed.]



Western Australian Coding Rule

0413/02 Urethral trauma

Q.

How should self-inflicted urethral trauma from an IDC be coded?

A.

Self inflicted urethral trauma from an IDC should be coded as a mechanical complication of the urinary catheter.

T83.0 *Mechanical complication of urinary (indwelling) catheter* includes breakdown, displacement, leakage, malposition, mechanical obstruction, perforation and protrusion of a urinary catheter, which this scenario fits into.

Self inflicted urethral trauma from IDC should be coded to T83.0 *Mechanical complication of urinary (indwelling) catheter*, S37.xx *Injury of urinary and pelvic organs*, Y84.6 *Urinary catheterisation as the cause of abnormal reaction of the patient, or of later complication, without mention of misadventure at the time of the procedure*, Y92.22 *Health service area*, U73.8 *Injury or poisoning occurring while engaged in other specified activity*.

DECISION

Self inflicted urethral trauma from IDC should be coded to T83.0 *Mechanical complication of urinary (indwelling) catheter*, S37.xx *Injury of urinary and pelvic organs*, Y84.6 *Urinary catheterisation as the cause of abnormal reaction of the patient, or of later complication, without mention of misadventure at the time of the procedure*, Y92.22 *Health service area*, U73.8 *Injury or poisoning occurring while engaged in other specified activity*.

[Effective 19 Apr 2013, ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ASC 7th Ed.]